



United States
Environmental Protection
Agency

2002 Edition of the Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories



2002 Edition of the Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories

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The *Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories* tables are revised periodically by EPA's Office of Water on an "as needed" basis. The Summer 2002 edition of the tables has retained the content and format changes introduced in the Summer 2000 edition and has added the Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Numbers (CASRN) for the chemical contaminants. The following changes should be kept in mind when using the Tables:

Reference dose (RfD) values have been updated to reflect the values in the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS), and the Drinking Water Equivalent Level (DWEL) has been calculated accordingly. Thus, both the RfD and DWEL will differ from the values in the Health Advisory document if the IRIS RfD is more recent than the Health Advisory value. The RfD values from IRIS that differ from the values in the Health Advisory documents are given in **BOLD** type. For unregulated chemicals with a new IRIS RfD, the lifetime Health Advisory was calculated from the DWEL using the relative source contribution value published in the Health Advisory. For regulated chemicals, where the revised lifetime value differed from the Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG), no lifetime value was provided in the Table.

For regulated chemicals, the cancer group designation and 10^{-4} cancer risk reflect the status at the time of regulation. For unregulated chemicals, the cancer group designation and 10^{-4} cancer risk reflect the values presently on IRIS. New cancer group designations and 10^{-4} cancer risk values are given in **BOLD** type.

Several pesticides listed in IRIS have been re-evaluated by the Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) resulting in an RfD other than that in IRIS. For these pesticides, the IRIS value is listed in the Table, and the newer OPP value is given in a footnote.

In some cases there is a Health Advisory value for a contaminant but there is no reference to a Health Advisory document. These Health Advisory values can be found in the Drinking Water Criteria Document for the contaminant.

With a few exceptions, the Health Advisory values have been rounded to one significant figure.

The *Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories* tables may be reached from the Water Science home page at

<http://www.epa.gov/waterscience>

The tables are accessed under the Health Advisories heading.

Copies may be ordered free of charge from

SAFE DRINKING WATER HOTLINE
1-800-426-4791
Monday thru Friday, 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM EST

Copies of the supporting technical documentation for the health advisories can be ordered for a fee on the Internet at

<http://www.epa.gov/OST/orderpubs.html>

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1929 Kenny Road
Columbus, OH 43210-1080
Telephone number 614-292-6717; 1-800-276-0462
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For further information regarding the *Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories*, call the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791 or 703-285-1093.

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions for terms used in the Tables are not all-encompassing, and should not be construed to be “official” definitions. They are intended to assist the user in understanding terms found on the following pages.

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. For lead or copper it is the level which, if exceeded in over 10% of the homes tested, triggers treatment.

Cancer Group: A qualitative weight-of-evidence judgement as to the likelihood that a chemical may be a carcinogen for humans. Each chemical is placed into one of the following five categories:

Group	Category
A	Human carcinogen
B	Probable human carcinogen: B1 indicates limited human evidence B2 indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans
C	Possible human carcinogen
D	Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity
E	Evidence of noncarcinogenicity for humans

This categorization is based on EPA’s 1986 *Guidelines for Carcinogen Risk Assessment*. The *Proposed Guidelines for Carcinogen Risk Assessment* which were published in 1996, when final, will replace the 1986 cancer guidelines.

10^{-4} Cancer Risk: The concentration of a chemical in drinking water corresponding to an excess estimated lifetime cancer risk of 1 in 10,000.

Drinking Water Advisory: A nonregulatory concentration of a contaminant in water that is likely to be without adverse effects on both health and aesthetics.

DWEL: Drinking Water Equivalent Level. A lifetime exposure concentration protective of adverse, non-cancer health effects, that assumes all of the exposure to a contaminant is from drinking water.

HA: Health Advisory. An estimate of acceptable drinking water levels for a chemical substance based on health effects information; a Health Advisory is not a legally enforceable Federal standard, but serves as technical guidance to assist Federal, State, and local officials.

One-Day HA: The concentration of a chemical in drinking water that is not expected to cause any adverse noncarcinogenic effects for up to one day of exposure. The One-Day HA is normally designed to protect a 10-kg child consuming 1 liter of water per day.

Ten-Day HA: The concentration of a chemical in drinking water that is not expected to cause any adverse noncarcinogenic effects for up to ten days of exposure. The Ten-Day HA is also normally designed to protect a 10-kg child consuming 1 liter of water per day.

Lifetime HA: The concentration of a chemical in drinking water that is not expected to cause any adverse noncarcinogenic effects for a lifetime of exposure. The Lifetime HA is based on exposure of a 70-kg adult consuming 2 liters of water per day. The Lifetime HA for Group C carcinogens includes an adjustment for possible carcinogenicity.

LED₁₀: Lower Limit on Effective Dose₁₀. The 95% lower confidence limit of the dose of a chemical needed to produce an adverse effect in 10% of those exposed to the chemical, relative to the control.

MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal. A non-enforceable health goal which is set at a level at which no known or anticipated adverse effect on the health of persons occurs and which allows an adequate margin of safety.

MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level. The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLG as feasible using the best available analytical and treatment technologies and taking cost into consideration. MCLs are enforceable standards.

RfD: Reference Dose. An estimate (with uncertainty spanning perhaps an order of magnitude) of a daily oral exposure to the human population (including sensitive subgroups) that is likely to be without an appreciable risk of deleterious effects during a lifetime.

SDWR: Secondary Drinking Water Regulations. Non-enforceable Federal guidelines regarding cosmetic effects (such as tooth or skin discoloration) or aesthetic effects (such as taste, odor, or color) of drinking water.

TT: Treatment Technique. A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

ABBREVIATIONS

D	Draft
F	Final
NA	Not Applicable
NOAEL	No-Observed-Adverse-Effect Level
OPP	Office of Pesticide Programs
P	Proposed
Reg	Regulation
TT	Treatment Technique

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories					Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10 ⁻⁴ Cancer Risk		
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)						
ORGANICS													
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.06	2	-	-	-	
Acifluorfen (sodium)	62476-59-9	-	-	-	F '88	2	2	0.01	0.4	-	0.1	B2	
Acrylamide	79-06-1	F	zero	TT ¹	F '87	1.5	0.3	0.0002	0.007	-	0.0008	B2	
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.006	B1	
Alachlor	15972-60-8	F	zero	0.002	F '88	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.4	-	0.04 ²	B2	
Aldicarb ³	116-06-3	F ⁴	0.001	0.003	F '95	0.01	0.01	0.001	0.04	-	-	D	
Aldicarb sulfone ³	1646-88-4	F ⁴	0.001	0.003	F '95	0.01	0.01	0.001	0.04	-	-	D	
Aldicarb sulfoxide ³	1646-87-3	F ⁴	0.001	0.004	F '95	0.01	0.01	0.001	0.04	-	-	D	
Aldrin	309-00-2	-	-	-	F '92	0.0003	0.0003	0.00003	0.001	-	0.0002	B2	
Ametryn	834-12-8	-	-	-	F '88	9	9	0.009	0.3	0.06	-	D	
Ammonium sulfamate	7773-06-0	-	-	-	F '88	20	20	0.2	8	2	-	D	
Anthracene (PAH) ⁵	120-12-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	10	-	-	D	
Atrazine ⁶	1912-24-9	F	0.003	0.003	F '88	-	-	0.035	1	-	-	C	
Baygon	114-26-1	-	-	-	F '88	0.04	0.04	0.004	0.1	0.003	-	C	
Bentazon	25057-89-0	-	-	-	F '99	0.3	0.3	0.03	1	0.2	-	E	
Benz[a]anthracene (PAH)	56-55-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B2	
Benzene	71-43-2	F	zero	0.005	F '87	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	0.1	A	
Benzo[a]pyrene (PAH)	50-32-8	F	zero	0.0002	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0005	B2	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene (PAH)	205-99-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B2	
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene (PAH)	191-24-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene (PAH)	207-08-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B2	
bis-2-Chloroisopropyl ether	39638-32-9	-	-	-	F '89	4	4	0.04	1	0.3	-	D	
Bromacil	314-40-9	-	-	-	F '88	5	5	0.1	5	0.09	-	C	
Bromobenzene	108-86-1	-	-	-	D '86	4	4	-	-	-	-	D	

¹ When acrylamide is used in drinking water systems, the combination (or product) of dose and monomer level shall not exceed that equivalent to a polyacrylamide polymer containing 0.05% monomer dosed at 1 mg/L.

² Determined not to be carcinogenic at low doses by OPP.

³ The MCL value for any combination of two or more of these three chemicals should not exceed 0.007 mg/L because of similar mode of action.

⁴ Administrative stay of the effective date.

⁵ PAH = Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon.

⁶ Under review.

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10 ⁻⁴ Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
Bromochloromethane	74-97-5	-	-	-	F '89	50	1	0.01	0.5	0.09	-	D		
Bromodichloromethane ¹ (THM)	75-27-4	F	zero	0.08 ²	D '93	6	6	0.02	0.7	-	0.06	B2		
Bromoform (THM)	75-25-2	F	zero	0.08 ²	D '93	5	2	0.02	0.7	-	0.4	B2		
Bromomethane	74-83-9	-	-	-	D '89	0.1	0.1	0.001	0.05	0.01	-	D		
Butyl benzyl phthalate (PAE) ³	85-68-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	7	-	-	C		
Butylate	2008-41-5	-	-	-	F '89	2	2	0.05	2	0.4	-	D		
Carbaryl	63-25-2	-	-	-	F '88	1	1	0.1	4	0.7	-	D		
Carbofuran ¹	1563-66-2	F	0.04	0.04	F '87	0.05	0.05	0.005	0.2	0.04	-	E		
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	F	zero	0.005	F '87	4	0.2	0.0007	0.03	-	0.03	B2		
Carboxin	5234-68-4	-	-	-	F '88	1	1	0.1	4	0.7	-	D		
Chloramben	133-90-4	-	-	-	F '88	3	3	0.015	0.5	0.1	-	D		
Chlordane	57-74-9	F	zero	0.002	F '87	0.06	0.06	0.0005	0.02	-	0.01	B2		
Chloroform (THM)	67-66-3	F	zero	0.08 ¹	D '93	4	4	0.01	0.4	-	-	B2 ⁴		
Chloromethane	74-87-3	-	-	-	F '89	9	0.4	0.004	0.1	0.03	-	D		
Chlorophenol (2-)	95-57-8	-	-	-	D '94	0.5	0.5	0.005	0.2	0.04	-	D		
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6	-	-	-	F '88	0.2	0.2	0.015	0.5	-	0.15	B2		
Chlorotoluene o-	95-49-8	-	-	-	F '89	2	2	0.02	0.7	0.1	-	D		
Chlorotoluene p-	106-43-4	-	-	-	F '89	2	2	0.02	0.7	0.1	-	D		
Chlorpyrifos ⁵	2921-88-2	-	-	-	F '92	0.03	0.03	0.003	0.1	0.02	-	D		
Chrysene (PAH)	218-01-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B2		
Cyanazine	21725-46-2	-	-	-	D '96	0.1	0.1	0.002	0.07	0.001	-	-		

¹ Under review.

² 1998 Final Rule for Disinfectants and Disinfection By-products: The total for trihalomethanes is 0.08 mg/L.

³ PAE = phthalate acid ester.

⁴ By the 1999 Draft Guidelines for Carcinogen Risk Assessment, chloroform is *likely to be carcinogenic to humans* by all routes of exposure under high-dose conditions that lead to cytotoxicity and regenerative hyperplasia in susceptible tissues. Chloroform is *not likely to be carcinogenic to humans* by all routes of exposures at a dose level that does not cause cytotoxicity and cell regeneration.

⁵ New OPP RfD = 0.0003 mg/kg/day.

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10 ⁻⁴ Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
Cyanogen chloride ¹	506-77-4	-	-	-	-	0.05	0.05	0.05	2	-	-	D		
2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)	94-75-7	F	0.07	0.07	F '87	1	0.3	0.01	0.4	0.07	-	D		
DCPA (Dacthal)	1861-32-1	-	-	-	F '88	80	80	0.01	0.4	0.07	-	D		
Dalapon (sodium salt)	75-99-0	F	0.2	0.2	F '89	3	3	0.03	0.9	0.2	-	D		
Di(2-ethylhexyl)adipate	103-23-1	F	0.4	0.4	-	20	20	0.6	20	0.4	3	C		
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (PAE)	117-81-7	F	zero	0.006	-	-	-	0.02	0.7	-	0.3	B2		
Diazinon	333-41-5	-	-	-	F '88	0.02	0.02	0.00009	0.003	0.0006	-	E		
Dibromochloromethane ¹ (THM)	124-48-1	F	0.06	0.08 ²	D '93	6	6	0.02	0.7	0.06	0.04	C		
Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	96-12-8	F	zero	0.0002	F '87	0.2	0.05	-	-	-	0.003	B2		
Dibutyl phthalate (PAE)	84-74-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	4	-	-	D		
Dicamba	1918-00-9	-	-	-	F '88	0.3	0.3	0.03	1	0.2	-	D		
Dichloroacetic acid ¹	76-43-6	F	zero	0.06 ³	D '95	5	5	0.004	0.1	-	-	B2		
Dichlorobenzene o-	95-50-1	F	0.6	0.6	F '87	9	9	0.09	3	0.6	-	D		
Dichlorobenzene m- ⁵	541-73-1	-	-	-	F '87	9	9	0.09	3	0.6	-	D		
Dichlorobenzene p-	106-46-7	F	0.075	0.075	F '87	11	11	0.1	4	0.075	-	C		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	-	-	-	F '89	40	40	0.2	5	1	-	D		
Dichloroethane (1,2-)	107-06-2	F	zero	0.005	F '87	0.7	0.7	-	-	-	0.04	B2		
Dichloroethylene (1,1-)	75-35-4	F	0.007	0.007	F '87	2	1	0.009	0.3	0.006	0.006	C		
Dichloroethylene (cis-1,2-)	156-59-2	F	0.07	0.07	F '90	4	1	0.01	0.4	0.07	-	D		
Dichloroethylene (trans-1,2-)	156-60-5	F	0.1	0.1	F '87	20	1	0.02	0.7	0.1	-	D		
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	F	zero	0.005	D '93	10	2	0.06	2	-	0.5	B2		
Dichlorophenol (2,4-)	120-83-2	-	-	-	D '94	0.03	0.03	0.003	0.1	0.02	-	E		
Dichloropropane (1,2-)	78-87-5	F	zero	0.005	F '87	-	0.09	-	-	-	0.06	B2		
Dichloropropene (1,3-)	542-75-6	-	-	-	F '88	0.03	0.03	0.03	1	-	0.04	B2		
Dieldrin	60-57-1	-	-	-	F '88	0.0005	0.0005	0.00005	0.002	-	0.0002	B2		
Diethyl phthalate (PAE)	84-66-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	30	-	-	D		

¹ Under review.

² 1998 Final Rule for Disinfectants and Disinfection By-products: The total for trihalomethanes is 0.08 mg/L.

³ 1998 Final Rule for Disinfectants and Disinfection By-products: The total for five haloacetic acids is 0.06 mg/L.

⁴ A quantitative risk estimate has not been determined.

⁵ The values for m-dichlorobenzene are based on data for o-dichlorobenzene.

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	$\text{mg/L at } 10^{-4}$ Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
Diisopropyl methylphosphonate	1445-75-6	-	-	-	F '89	8	8	0.08	3	0.6	-	D		
Dimethrin	70-38-2	-	-	-	F '88	10	10	0.3	10	2	-	D		
Dimethyl methylphosphonate	756-79-6	-	-	-	F '92	2	2	0.2	7	0.1	0.7	C		
Dimethyl phthalate (PAE)	131-11-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D		
Dinitrobenzene (1,3-)	99-65-0	-	-	-	F '91	0.04	0.04	0.0001	0.005	0.001	-	D		
Dinitrotoluene (2,4-)	121-14-2	-	-	-	F '92	0.50	0.50	0.002	0.1	-	0.005	B2		
Dinitrotoluene (2,6-)	606-20-2	-	-	-	F '92	0.40	0.40	0.001	0.04	-	0.005	B2		
Dinitrotoluene (2,6 & 2,4) ¹	-	-	-	-	F '92	-	-	-	-	-	0.005	B2		
Dinoseb	88-85-7	F	0.007	0.007	F '88	0.3	0.3	0.001	0.04	0.007	-	D		
Dioxane p-	123-91-1	-	-	-	F '87	4	0.4	-	-	-	0.3	B2		
Diphenamid	957-51-7	-	-	-	F '88	0.3	0.3	0.03	1	0.2	-	D		
Diquat	85-00-7	F	0.02	0.02	-	-	-	0.002 ²	0.07	-	-	D		
Disulfoton	298-04-4	-	-	-	F '88	0.01	0.01	0.00004	0.001	0.0003	-	E		
Dithiane (1,4-)	505-29-3	-	-	-	F '92	0.4	0.4	0.01	0.4	0.08	-	D		
Diuron	330-54-1	-	-	-	F '88	1	1	0.002 ³	0.07	0.01	-	D		
Endothall	145-73-3	F	0.1	0.1	F '88	0.8	0.8	0.02	0.7	0.1	-	D		
Endrin	72-20-8	F	0.002	0.002	F '87	0.02	0.005	0.0003	0.01	0.002	-	D		
Epichlorohydrin	106-89-8	F	zero	TT ⁴	F '87	0.1	0.1	0.002	0.07	-	0.3	B2		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	F	0.7	0.7	F '87	30	3	0.1	3	0.7	-	D		
Ethylene dibromide (EDB) ⁵	106-93-4	F	zero	0.00005	F '87	0.008	0.008	-	-	-	0.00004	B2		
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	-	-	-	F '87	20	6	2	70	14	-	D		
Ethylene Thiourea (ETU)	96-45-7	-	-	-	F '88	0.3	0.3	0.00008	0.003	-	0.02	B2		
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	-	-	-	F '88	0.009	0.009	0.00025	0.009	0.002	-	D		

¹ Technical grade.

² New OPP RfD = 0.005 mg/kg/day

³ New OPP RfD = 0.003 mg/kg/day.

⁴ When epichlorohydrin is used in drinking water systems, the combination (or product) of dose and monomer level shall not exceed that equivalent to an epichlorohydrin-based polymer containing 0.01% monomer dosed at 20 mg/L.

⁵ 1,2-dibromoethane.

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Chemicals	CAS Number	Standards			Status HA Standards	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10 ⁻⁴ Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
Fluometuron	2164-17-2	-	-	-	F '88	2	2	0.01	0.5	0.09	-	D		
Fluorene (PAH)	86-73-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	1	-	-	D		
Fonofos	944-22-9	-	-	-	F '88	0.02	0.02	0.002	0.07	0.01	-	D		
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	-	-	-	D '93	10	5	0.2	7	1	-	B1 ¹		
Glyphosate	1071-83-6	F	0.7	0.7	F '88	20	20	0.1 ²	4	0.7	-	D		
Heptachlor	76-44-8	F	zero	0.0004	F '87	0.01	0.01	0.0005	0.02	-	0.0008	B2		
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	F	zero	0.0002	F '87	0.01	-	0.00001	0.0004	-	0.0004	B2		
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	F	zero	0.001	F '87	0.05	0.05	0.0008	0.03	-	0.002	B2		
Hexachlorobutadiene ³	87-68-3	-	-	-	D '98	0.3	0.3	0.0002 ⁴	0.007	0.001	0.05	C		
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	F	0.05	0.05	-	-	-	0.006	0.2	-	-	E		
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	-	-	-	F '91	5	5	0.001	0.04	0.001	0.3	C		
Hexane (n-)	110-54-3	-	-	-	F '87	10	4	-	-	-	-	D		
Hexazinone	51235-04-2	-	-	-	F '96	3	2	0.05 ⁵	2	0.4	-	D		
HMX ⁶	2691-41-0	-	-	-	F '88	5	5	0.05	2	0.4	-	D		
Indeno[1,2,3,-c,d]pyrene (PAH)	193-39-5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B2		
Isophorone	78-59-1	-	-	-	F '92	15	15	0.2	7	0.1	4	C		
Isopropyl methylphosphonate	1832-54-8	-	-	-	F '92	30	30	0.1	4	0.7	-	D		
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	98-82-8	-	-	-	D '87	11	11	0.1	4	-	-	D		
Lindane ⁷	58-89-9	F	0.0002	0.0002	F '87	1	1	0.0003	0.01	0.0002	-	C		
Malathion	121-75-5	-	-	-	F '92	0.2	0.2	0.02	0.8	0.1	-	D		
Maleic hydrazide	123-33-1	-	-	-	F '88	10	10	0.5	20	4	-	D		
MCPA ⁸	94-74-6	-	-	-	F '88	0.1	0.1	0.0005 ⁹	0.02	0.004	-	D		
Methomyl	16752-77-5	-	-	-	F '88	0.3	0.3	0.025	0.9	0.2	-	E		
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	F	0.04	0.04	F '87	0.05	0.05	0.005	0.2	0.04	-	D		
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	-	-	-	F '87	75	7.5	0.6	20	4	-	D		
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	-	-	-	F '88	0.3	0.3	0.00025	0.009	0.002	-	D		

¹ Carcinogenicity based on inhalation exposure.

² New OPP RfD = 2 mg/kg/day.

³ Under review.

⁴ Draft Ambient Water Quality Criteria for the protection of human health (EPA 822-R-98-004)

⁵ The Health Advisory is based on a new OPP RfD rather than the IRIS RfD.

⁶ HMX = octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine.

⁷ Lindane = γ - hexachlorocyclohexane.

⁸ MCPA = 4(chloro-2-methoxyphenoxy)acetic acid.

⁹ New OPP RfD = 0.0015 mg/kg/day.

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10 ⁴ Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
Metolachlor	51218-45-2	-	-	-	F '88	2	2	0.15 ¹	5	0.1	-	C		
Metribuzin	21087-64-9	-	-	-	F '88	5	5	0.025 ²	0.9	0.2	-	D		
Monochloroacetic acid ³	79-11-8	F	-	0.06 ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Monochlorobenzene	108-90-7	F	0.1	0.1	F '87	4	4	0.02	0.7	0.1	-	D		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	-	-	-	F '90	0.5	0.5	0.02	0.7	0.1	-	C		
Nitrocellulose ⁵	9004-70-0	-	-	-	F '88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Nitroguanidine	556-88-7	-	-	-	F '90	10	10	0.1	4	0.7	-	D		
Nitrophenol p-	100-02-7	-	-	-	F '92	0.8	0.8	0.008	0.3	0.06	-	D		
Oxamyl (Vydate)	23135-22-0	F	0.2	0.2	F '87	0.2	0.2	0.025 ⁶	0.9	0.2	-	E		
Paraquat	1910-42-5	-	-	-	F '88	0.1	0.1	0.0045	0.2	0.03	-	C		
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	F	zero	0.001	F '87	1	0.3	0.03	1	-	0.03	B2		
Phenanthrene (PAH)	85-01-8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D		
Phenol	108-95-2	-	-	-	D '92	6	6	0.6	20	4	-	D		
Picloram	1918-02-1	F	0.5	0.5	F '88	20	20	0.07 ⁷	2	0.5	-	D		
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	1336-36-3	F	zero	0.0005	D '93	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	B2		
Prometon	1610-18-0	-	-	-	F '88	0.2	0.2	0.015	0.5	0.1	-	D		
Pronamide	23950-58-5	-	-	-	F '88	0.8	0.8	0.075	3	0.05	-	C		
Propachlor	1918-16-7	-	-	-	F '88	0.5	0.5	0.01	0.5	0.09	-	D		
Propazine	139-40-2	-	-	-	F '88	1	1	0.02	0.7	0.01	-	C		
Propham	122-42-9	-	-	-	F '88	5	5	0.02	0.6	0.1	-	D		
Pyrene (PAH)	129-00-0	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-	-	-	D		
RDX ⁸	121-82-4	-	-	-	F '88	0.1	0.1	0.003	0.1	0.002	0.03	C		
Simazine	122-34-9	F	0.004	0.004	F '88	0.5	0.5	0.005	0.2	0.004	-	C		
Styrene	100-42-5	F	0.1	0.1	F '87	20	2	0.2	7	0.1	-	C		
2,4,5-T (Trichlorophenoxy-acetic acid)	93-76-5	-	-	-	F '88	0.8	0.8	0.01	0.4	0.07	-	D		

¹ New OPP RfD = 0.1 mg/kg/day.

² New OPP RfD = 0.013 mg/kg/day.

³ Under review.

⁴ 1998 Final Rule for Disinfectants and Disinfection By-products: the total for five haloacetic acids is 0.06mg/L.

⁵ The Health Advisory Document for nitrobenzene does not include HA values and describes this compound as relatively nontoxic.

⁶ New OPP RfD = 0.001 mg/kg/day.

⁷ New OPP RfD = 0.2 mg/kg/day.

⁸ RDX = hexahydro -1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine.

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10^{-4} Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
2,3,7,8-TCDD (Dioxin)	1746-01-6	F	zero	3E-08	F '87	1E-06	1E-07	1E-09	4E-08	-	2E-08	B2		
Tebuthiuron	34014-18-1	-	-	-	F '88	3	3	0.07	2	0.5	-	D		
Terbacil	5902-51-2	-	-	-	F '88	0.3	0.3	0.01	0.4	0.09	-	E		
Terbufos	13071-79-9	-	-	-	F '88	0.005	0.005	0.0001	0.005	0.0009	-	D		
Tetrachloroethane (1,1,1,2-)	630-20-6	-	-	-	F '89	2	2	0.03	1	0.07	0.1	C		
Tetrachloroethane (1,1,2,2-)	79-34-5	-	-	-	F '89	0.04	0.04	0.00005	0.002	0.0003	0.02	C		
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	F	zero	0.005	F '87	2	2	0.01	0.5	0.01	-	-		
Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	-	-	-	F '89	7	7	0.3	10	2	-	D		
Toluene	108-88-3	F	1	1	D '93	20	2	0.2	7	1	-	D		
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	F	zero	0.003	F '96	0.004	0.004	0.0004	0.01	-	0.003	B2		
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	93-72-1	F	0.05	0.05	F '88	0.2	0.2	0.008	0.3	0.05	-	D		
Trichloroacetic acid ¹	76-03-9	F	0.3	0.06 ²	D '96	4	4	0.1	4.0	0.3	-	C		
Trichlorobenzene (1,2,4-)	120-82-1	F	0.07	0.07	F '89	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.4	0.07	-	D		
Trichlorobenzene (1,3,5-)	108-70-3	-	-	-	F '89	0.6	0.6	0.006	0.2	0.04	-	D		
Trichloroethane (1,1,1-)	71-55-6	F	0.2	0.2	F '87	100	40	0.035	1	0.2	-	D		
Trichloroethane (1,1,2-)	79-00-5	F	0.003	0.005	F '89	0.6	0.4	0.004	0.1	0.003	0.06	C		
Trichloroethylene ¹	79-01-6	F	zero	0.005	F '87	-	-	0.007	0.2	-	0.3	B2		
Trichlorophenol (2,4,6-)	88-06-2	-	-	-	D '94	0.03	0.03	0.0003	0.01	-	0.3	B2		
Trichloropropane (1,2,3-)	96-18-4	-	-	-	F '89	0.6	0.6	0.006	0.2	0.04	-	-		
Trifluralin	1582-09-8	-	-	-	F '90	0.08	0.08	0.0075 ³	0.3	0.005	0.5	C		
Trimethylbenzene (1,2,4-)	95-63-6	-	-	-	D '87	-	-	-	-	-	-	D		
Trimethylbenzene (1,3,5-)	108-67-8	-	-	-	D '87	10	-	-	-	-	-	D		
Trinitroglycerol	55-63-0	-	-	-	F '87	0.005	0.005	-	-	0.005	0.2	-		
Trinitrotoluene (2,4,6-)	118-96-7	-	-	-	F '89	0.02	0.02	0.0005	0.02	0.002	0.1	C		
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	F	zero	0.002	F '87	3	3	0.003	0.1	-	0.002	A		
Xylenes	1330-20-7	F	10	10	D '93	40	40	2	70	10	-	D		

¹ Under review.

² 1998 Final Rule for Disinfectants and Disinfection By-products: The total for five haloacetic acids is 0.06 mg/L.

³ New OPP RfD = 0.024 mg/kg/day.

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10 ⁻⁴ Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
INORGANICS														
Ammonia	7664-41-7	-	-	-	D '92	-	-	-	-	30	-	D		
Antimony	7440-36-0	F	0.006	0.006	F '92	0.01	0.01	0.0004	0.01	0.006	-	D		
Arsenic	7440-38-2	F	zero	0.01	D '95	-	-	0.0003	0.01	-	-	A		
Asbestos (fibers/l >10µm length)	1332-21-4	F	7 MFL ¹	7 MFL	-	-	-	-	-	-	700-MFL	A ²		
Barium	7440-39-3	F	2	2	D '93	0.7	0.7	0.07	2	2	-	D		
Beryllium	7440-41-7	F	0.004	0.004	F '92	30	30	0.002	0.07	-	-	-		
Boron ³	7440-42-8	-	-	-	D '92	4	0.9	0.09	3	0.6	-	D		
Bromate	7789-38-0	F	zero	0.01	D '98	0.2	-	0.004	0.14	-	0.005	B2		
Cadmium	7440-43-9	F	0.005	0.005	F '87	0.04	0.04	0.0005	0.02	0.005	-	D		
Chloramine ⁴	10599-90-3	F	4 ⁵	4 ⁵	D '95	1	1	0.1	3.5	3.0	-	-		
Chlorine	7782-50-5	F	4 ⁵	4 ⁵	D '95	3	3	0.1	5	4	-	D		
Chlorine dioxide	10049-04-4	F	0.8 ⁵	0.8 ⁵	D '98	0.84	0.84	0.03	1	0.8	-	D		
Chlorite	7758-19-2	F	0.8	1	D '98	0.84	0.84	0.03	1	0.8	-	D		
Chromium (total)	7440-47-3	F	0.1	0.1	F '87	1	1	0.003 ⁶	0.1	-	-	D		
Copper (at tap)	7440-50-8	F	1.3	TT ⁷	D '98	-	-	-	-	-	-	D		
Cyanide ³	143-33-9	F	0.2	0.2	F '87	0.2	0.2	0.02 ⁸	0.8	0.2	-	D		
Fluoride	7681-49-4	F	4	4	-	-	-	0.06 ⁹	-	-	-	-		
Lead (at tap)	7439-92-1	F	zero	TT ⁷	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	B2		
Manganese	7439-96-5	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.14 ¹⁰	-	-	-	D		
Mercury (inorganic)	7487-94-7	F	0.002	0.002	F '87	0.002	0.002	0.0003	0.01	0.002	-	D		
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	-	-	-	D '93	0.08	0.08	0.005	0.2	0.04	-	D		
Nickel	7440-02-0	F	-	-	F '95	1	1	0.02	0.7	0.1	-	-		

¹ MFL = million fibers per liter.

² Carcinogenicity based on inhalation exposure.

³ Under review.

⁴ Monochloramine; measured as free chlorine.

⁵ 1998 Final Rule for Disinfectants and Disinfection By-products: MRDLG=Maximum Residual Disinfection Level Goal; and MRDL=Maximum Residual Disinfection Level.

⁶ IRIS value for chromium VI.

⁷ Copper action level 1.3 mg/L; lead action level 0.015 mg/L.

⁸ This RfD is for hydrogen cyanide.

⁹ Based on dental fluorosis in children, a cosmetic effect. MCLG based on skeletal fluorosis.

¹⁰ Dietary manganese.

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Chemicals	CASRN Number	Standards			Status HA Document	Health Advisories						Cancer Group		
		Status Reg.	MCLG (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)		10-kg Child		RfD (mg/kg/day)	DWEL (mg/L)	Life-time (mg/L)	mg/L at 10^{-4} Cancer Risk			
						One-day (mg/L)	Ten-day (mg/L)							
Nitrate (as N)	14797-55-8	F	10	10	D '93	10^1	10^1	1.6	-	-	-	-		
Nitrite (as N)	14797-65-0	F	1	1	D '93	1^1	1^1	0.16	-	-	-	-		
Nitrate + Nitrite (both as N)		F	10	10	D '93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Selenium	7782-49-2	F	0.05	0.05	-	-	-	0.005	0.2	0.05	-	D		
Silver	7440-22-4	-	-	-	F '92	0.2	0.2	0.005 ²	0.2	0.1	-	D		
Strontium	7440-24-6	-	-	-	D '93	25	25	0.6	20	4	-	D		
Thallium	7440-28-0	F	0.0005	0.002	F '92	0.007	0.007	0.00007	0.002	0.0005	-	-		
White phosphorous	7723-14-0	-	-	-	F '90	-	-	0.00002	0.0005	0.0001	-	D		
Zinc	7440-66-6	-	-	-	D '93	6	6	0.3	10	2	-	D		
RADIOMUCLIDES														
Beta particle and photon activity (formerly man-made radionuclides)		F	zero	4 mrem/yr	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 mrem/yr	A		
Gross alpha particle activity		F	zero	15 pCi/L	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 pCi/L	A		
Combined Radium 226 & 228	7440-14-4	F	zero	5 pCi/L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A		
Radon	10043-92-2	P	zero	300 pCi/L AMCL ³ 4000 pCi/L	-	-	-	-	-	-	150 pCi/L	A		
Uranium	7440-61-1	F	zero	30 µg/L	-	-	-	0.003 ⁴	0.1	-	-	A		

¹ These values are calculated for a 4-kg infant and are protective for all age groups.

² Based on a cosmetic effect.

³ AMCL = Alternative Maximum Contaminant Level

⁴ Soluble uranium salts.

Secondary Drinking Water Regulations

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Chemicals	CAS Number	Status	SDWR
Aluminum	7429-90-5	F	0.05 to 0.2 mg/L
Chloride	7647-14-5	F	250 mg/L
Color	NA	F	15 color units
Copper	7440-50-8	F	1.0 mg/L
Corrosivity	NA	F	non-corrosive
Fluoride	7681-49-4	F	2.0 mg/L
Foaming agents	NA	F	0.5 mg/L
Iron	7439-89-6	F	0.3 mg/L
Manganese	7439-96-5	F	0.05 mg/L
Odor	NA	F	3 threshold odor numbers
pH	NA	F	6.5 – 8.5
Silver	7440-22-4	F	0.1 mg/L
Sulfate	7757-82-6	F	250 mg/L
Total dissolved solids (TDS)	NA	F	500 mg/L
Zinc	7440-66-6	F	5 mg/L

Microbiology

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	Status Reg.	Status HA Document	MCLG	MCL	Treatment Technique
<i>Cryptosporidium</i>	F	F 01	-	TT	Systems that filter must remove 99% of <i>Cryptosporidium</i>
<i>Giardia lamblia</i>	F	F 98	-	TT	99.9% killed/inactivated
<i>Legionella</i>	F ¹	F 98	zero	TT	No limit; EPA believes that if <i>Giardia</i> and viruses are inactivated, <i>Legionella</i> will also be controlled
Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC)	F ¹	-	NA	TT	No more than 500 bacterial colonies per milliliter.
Total Coliforms	F	-	zero	5%	No more than 5.0% samples total coliform-positive in a month. Every sample that has total coliforms must be analyzed for fecal coliforms; no fecal coliforms are allowed.
Turbidity	F	-	NA	TT	At no time can turbidity go above 5 NTU (nephelometric turbidity units)
Viruses	F ¹	-	zero	TT	99.99% killed/inactivated

¹ Final for systems using surface water; also being considered for regulation under groundwater disinfection rule.

Drinking Water Advisory Table

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Chemicals	Status	Health-based Value	Taste Threshold	Odor Threshold
Ammonia	D '92	Not Available	30 mg/L	
Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MtBE)	F '98	Not Available	40 µg/L	20 µg/L
Sodium	D '02	20 mg/L (for individuals on a 500 mg/day restricted sodium diet).	30-60 mg/L	
Sulfate	D '02	500 mg/L	250 mg/L	

Taste Threshold: Concentration at which the majority of consumers do not notice an adverse taste in drinking water; it is recognized that some sensitive individuals may detect a chemical at levels below this threshold.

Odor Threshold: Concentration at which the majority of consumers do not notice an adverse odor in drinking water; it is recognized that some sensitive individuals may detect a chemical at levels below this threshold.